Electrical Injury

Definition

• An electrical injury from touching electricity.

Health Information

Types

• Household low voltage electrical injury. This is the most common type of electrical injury. It happens when an object is put in an electrical outlet. These injuries are most often not serious.

• **High voltage electrical injury.** High voltage wires from power lines carry much more electricity. Contact with these is life threatening.

Symptoms

- An electric shock causes a quick jolting feeling.
- Tingling, numbness, or pain is common after the shock.

Care Advice

1. Key Points

- Household electrical injuries rarely cause serious injury.
- Common symptoms are an initial jolting feeling, followed by tingling, numbness, and pain.
- Here is some home care advice that should help.

2. Stop the Electricity

- If the shock is from an appliance or tool, unplug it right away.
- If you can't unplug it, turn off the electricity to that area.

3. First Aid: Cold Water for Any Visible Burns

- Run cold tap water over any visible skin burns for 10 minutes.
- For burn treatment, see the Burns handout for details.

4. Pain Medicine

• Give acetaminophen every 4 hours or ibuprofen every 6 hours as needed for pain.

5. Prevent Household Electrical Injury

- Put covers on any outlets within reach of children.
- Hide or cover any electrical cords within reach. Warning: chewing on an electrical cord can cause serious lip and mouth injuries.

• Do not use electronics, such as hairdryers, near running or standing water (sink or tub). Reason: risk of serious injury.

6. What to Expect

• Tingling, numbness, and pain should improve within 1 hour.

Call Your Doctor If

- Tingling, numbness, or pain lasts more than 2 hours
- Large burn occurs
- You think your child needs to be seen
- You have other questions or concerns

Pediatric Care Advice

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